ALEXANDER OF TRALLES' CLASSIFICATION OF MELANCHOLIA

1. DEPRESSED MOOD

2. ANXIETY/ ANXIOUS MOOD

At least 1 of 2 present, proceed to 3 None present, proceed to 5

Possible Black Bile Melancholia Possible Yellow Bile Melancholia

3. DELUSIONS

Present, proceed to 4 Absent, proceed to 7 Probable Black Bile Melancholia Possible Yellow Bile Melancholia

4. MANIA/ HYPOMANIA

Present, stop Absent, stop PSYCHIATRIC DISORDER BLACK BILE MELANCHOLIA

5. ANGER

6. AGITATION/

MOTOR RESTLESSNESS

Both present, proceed to 9 Less than 2 present stop Probable Yellow Bile Melancholia PSYCHIATRIC DISORDER

7. ANGER

8. AGITATION/

MOTOR RESTLESSNESS

At least 1 of 2 present, proceed to 9

Absent, stop

Probable Yellow Bile Melancholia PSYCHIATRIC DISORDER

9. MANIA/

HYPOMANIA

Present, stop Absent, stop PSYCHIATRIC DISORDER YELLOW BILE MELANCHOLIA

It consists of a total number of 14 digits, based on 9 codes included in 9 variables organized into 6 decision clusters, yielding to 2 diagnoses.

It is based on Alexander of Tralles' book, *Practica*, written in the 6th century, in which melancholia (one of six diseases of the "head") is divided into four forms from which only two, black bile melancholia and yellow bile melancholia, are included in revised CODE-DD. Black bile melancholia is characterized by depressed mood and anxiety (anxious mood) with delusions; yellow bile melancholia is characterized by anger and agitation (motor restlessness).

BRUNET F. (1933) OEUVRES MEDICALES D'ALEXANDRE DE TRALLES (525-605 AD). PARIS: GEUTHNER VOL 2, 223-237.

ALEXANDER OF TRALLES. (CA. 525-CA. 605) PRACTICA ALEXANDRI YATROS GRECI CUM EXPOSITIONE GLOSE INTERLINIARIS JACOBI DE PARTIBUS ET JANUENSIS IN MARGINE POSITE. LUGDUM, FRANCISCUM FRADIN (1504).

ALEXANDER OF TRALLES' CLASSIFICATION OF MELANCHOLIA

BLACK BILE MELANCHOLIA YELLOW BILE MELANCHOLIA